INITIAL MEMO LIMBURG GOVERNMENT ARCHITECT



<u>Foreword</u>

Former Flemish Government Architect <u>bOb van Reeth</u> recently tossed up the idea of appointing a Government Architect in Limburg. The present initial memo underscores the enthusiasm that has arisen around the proposal amongst the people working in this area in Limburg. A Government Architect fits Limburg's ambition and the dynamic that traditionally characterises it. The initial memo outlines the context in which the Government Architect will operate. It is now up to all stakeholders to collectively draw up an agenda.

Architectuurwijzer, November 2012

Lava: Residential Complex Eendenpoel, Genk

Α	Α	С	Architectuurwijzer, a non-profit association, promotes architec-
	R	U	tural and spatial quality in Limburg and the wider Meuse-Rhine
С	С	L	Euroregion. For this purpose, it maps architecture, organises lec-
R	н	т	tures and excursions and publishes available information. In this,
Т.	1	U	Architectuurwijzer embodies the architectural culture of Limburg.
т	т	R	With the designation, juxtaposition and weighing-up of tasteful
Т	Е	Е	creations, a wide audience is given insight into the added value of
С	С		architecture for the living environment.

Today, Architectuurwijzer is proposing the appointment of a Government Architect in Limburg. A critical architectural culture does not operate within the seclusion of the professional sector and its training institutions, but within <u>the daily reality of con-</u> <u>struction</u>. Therefore, Architectuurwijzer is promoting an administrative body to launch the dialogue about architectural and spatial quality amongst parties whose activities are determinative for the environment in Limburg.



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Ney + Partners: Bridge over the Albert Canal, Vroenhoven



Ney + Partners: Bridge over the Albert Canal, Vroenhoven



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De Gouden Liniaal: Reconversion Cigar Factory, Dilsen-Stokkem (© Dennis Brebels)

Α	F	The Government Architect confirms the architectural culture as
	0	the foundation and the cement of spatial development in Limburg.
S	U	Design consultation, spatial control and a cross-border perspective
т	Ν	sharpen the ambitions of clients, developers, local authorities and
R	D	government departments. It allows the various parties to attune
ο	Α	their mutual desires to each other and to distribute responsibili-
N	т	ties. In this way, the Limburg Government Architect lays a solid
G	1	basis for cooperation amongst the partners involved
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In recent months, the proposal for the Government Architect was В S sounded out within the Limburg architectural field. Also, experi-U U ences and suggestions were collected from relevant parties and Ρ Т stakeholders with a similar function. The present memo describes L Ρ the expectations placed upon the Limburg Government Architect D 0 and with that as starting point, sketches the outlines of his area R Т of work. The initial memo is an invitation to everyone to contrib-Ν T ute their thoughts about the use and benefit of the Government G Architect for Limburg.





Lava: Social Housing Complex De Steymer, Genk (© Arno Roncada)



С	D	т	The Government Architect is the subject of the first Parliament
ο	Е	н	for Architecture in Limburg. Design agencies, design schools, re-
L	т	Е	searchers, professional associations, public authorities, administra-
L	Е		tive departments, public and private clients, construction compa-
Е	R	Α	nies and other stakeholders are gathering on 21 November 2012
С	Μ	G	in C-Mine! Genk. Those present will be examining the proposal for
т	1	Е	the Limburg Government Architect and <u>will exchange views and</u>
Т	Ν	Ν	expectations. Jointly, an agenda will be formulated that will be
V	1	D	decisive for the future of Limburg.
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In no way is the level of provincial government in Limburg in de-Т cline. It is using its brand name in the pursuit of constant change. H. In so doing, the Province is striking back at the structural dis-Е advantages against which the region is battling. Linking to the dynamism that traditionally characterises Limburg is the message. W Spatial development is a key driver within this framework. It offers Т a considerable spin-off in <u>cross-border cooperation</u>, the develop-Ν ment of talent, sustainability, innovation and quality of life. D

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Gijs Van Vaerenbergh: Reading between the lines, Borgloon (© Filip Dujardin)





Broekx-Schiepers: Social Housing Complex, Lummen (© Dennis Brebels)

U	E	The Province of Limburg has an indirect impact on the environ-
S	Α	ment. The largest share of construction output in Limburg takes
I.	С	place on the initiative of private clients. The contracts for public
Ν	н	works are commonly issued at higher or lower levels of govern-
G		ment. In both cases, the Province must <u>make use of the commit-</u>
	0	ment of others to realise its own ambitions. Traditional tools,
	т	such as spatial structural planning and delineation of urban areas,
	н	are inadequate for this purpose. Reversing negative situations
	E	through provocative design challenges demands a new approach.

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The Limburg Government Architect acts as a mediator between different levels of management and private parties. The driving forces at intermediate management level are exploited to transcend fragmented responsibilities and ad hoc decisions. The Limburg Government Architect lays the basis for a professional collaboration and increased involvement. Professional collaborative links contribute to the quality and dynamics of the environment. All projects – large and small – must contribute to the importance of Limburg.



BARAK: Van Dinter House, Maaseik (© Filip Dujardin)



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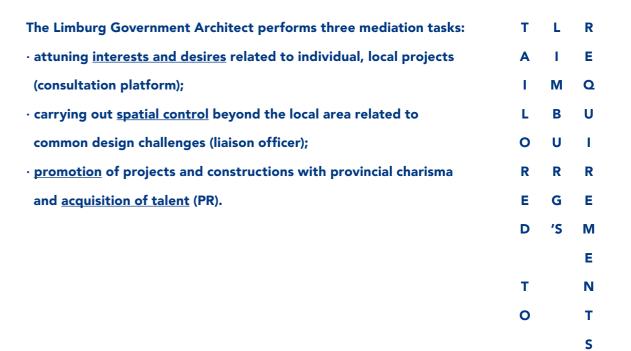
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ONO: Youth and Culture House De Steen, Bocholt (© Filip Dujardin)

т	The Limburg Government Architect is outward-looking. <u>The cross-</u>
н	border perspective inspires the field of architecture in Limburg
E	and provides desperately needed renewal. An assertive architec-
	tural culture also challenges the surroundings with high-profile
W	projects and provocative design issues. The saying 'unknown is un-
0	loved' applies only to the extent that indifference reigns supreme.
R	Neighbouring countries and regions – Flanders in the first instance
L	 should get better acquainted with Limburg.







Beel & Achtergael Architects: Gazometersite, Sint-Truiden



Broekx-Schiepers: Private Home, Zutendaal (© Studio Claerhout)

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FROM APPEAL TO MEDIATION

Aim

To prevent appeal procedures offered by the Province from being used to damage the quality of the living environment in Limburg.

What?

A platform where stakeholders come together for discussion and reflection related to a concrete construction project.

Where?

Around local construction projects with a strategic impact at provincial level (in terms of visibility, use or symbolic value).

When?

At regular intervals linked to the decisive steps in the construction process: project definition, architect selection, procurement, process monitoring, completion.

How?

Important files are searched out and in consultation with the parties concerned and the competent authorities, a consultation agenda is drawn up.

second task

FROM STRUCTURAL PLANNING TO SPATIAL CONTROL

Aim

Preventing the failure of cities and municipalities to identify with imposed structural plans thus undermining the ambition of building a strong brand together.

What?

Cities and municipalities are brought together about common design challenges and formulate a coherent vision.

Where?

Design challenges and building projects for which cities and municipalities bear responsibility, but where the issues extend beyond municipal borders. Consider reuse of mining heritage, landscape conservation, mobility, urban congestion...

When?

Proactively, strategically and permanently

How?

Workshops bring the competent authorities and parties involved together in relation to specific design challenges. The workshops are complemented by design research conducted by universities and consultancies.

third assignment

TOWARDS A CHALLENGING ARCHITECTURAL POLICY

Aim

Preventing the reputation of spatial developments from remaining restricted to within provincial boundaries and thus not doing justice to the importance of innovation in Limburg.

What?

Profiling the Limburg development area internationally.

Where?

High-profile design challenges, building projects and constructions that symbolise the development potential and the innovative character of Limburg.

For whom?

Outside world and own hinterland.

How?

Targeted communication ties high-profile design challenges, innovative achievements and visionary design research together into a provocative image of Limburg.

Α	E	An Architect active at provincial level has no equal. The initia-
	X	tive takes its inspiration from the post of Flemish Government
w	Α	Architect, created to <u>depoliticise the definition of projects and</u>
ο	Μ	choice of architects within Flemish public contracts. For the first
R	Ρ	time, through independent and professional advice, architectural
т	L	and spatial quality were given the chance to be built into the
н	E	heart of an administrative context. In the footsteps of the Flemish
Y		Government Architect, the Limburg Government Architect envis-
		ages a professionalisation of the spatial development in Limburg.

The Flemish Government Architect introduced renewal from the out-Т С G side into Limburg by granting project-related assistance. A number н 0 Ο of tasteful architectural projects are the result of this. The task list Ε V 0 of the Limburg Government Architect complements the local opera-Ρ Е tion of the Flemish Government Architect. It acts as a fulcrum for lo-F E R cal activities of the Flemish Government Architect. It then provides R Ν L an extension where the task of the Flemish Government Architect Е Α Μ ceases, particularly with regard to process monitoring and quality Ε Т Μ control. It expresses, ultimately, a local voice in the formulation of a Ν Flemish architectural policy. 0 S Т

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Omgeving: Traffic Interchange, Lummen



С	L	The quality improvement in the living environment of Limburg
ο	0	is also the responsibility of the 42 cities and municipalities.
ο	С	Ambitious urban visions and professional services guarantee ac-
Ρ	Α	claimed architecture and promising plans. The range of action of
Е	L	cities and municipalities, however, is confined to their own pow-
R		ers. Their clout has to contend with defective (internal and ex-
Α	G	ternal) communication, understaffing and lack of capacity (inter
т	0	alia because of the requirement to have a degree). The Limburg
Т	V	Government Architect meets these requirements and provides a
ο	E	platform for the exchange of professional knowledge and experi-
Ν	R	ence. The Limburg Government Architect thus constitutes a sound-
	Ν	ing board that enables local authorities to better carry out their
w	Μ	own <u>responsibilities</u> .
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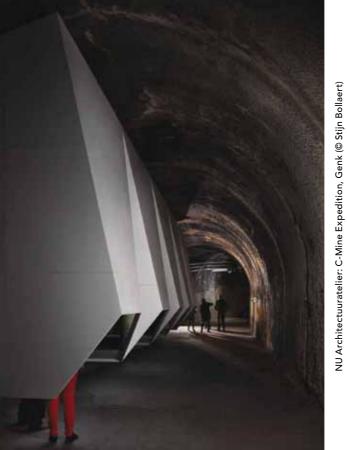
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The Limburg Government Architect will build up his activity and cre- A			
dibility from scratch. The greatest challenge lies in the <u>participation</u>			
of private and public clients. To this end, the Limburg Government			
Architect maps out various collaborative relationships:			
· participation on condition of being paid expenses (<u>persuasion</u>);	Ν	ο	
\cdot participation in exchange for additional funding, manpower and PR			
(<u>enticement</u>);	L	S	
\cdot participation depending on the scale and the provincial impact E			
(<u>commitment</u>).		R	
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a2o: Virga Jesse College, Hasselt





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т	G	Α	Embedding the Limburg Government Architect into the provincial
н	ο	R	administration is an obvious option. Nonetheless, there are also
Е	V	С	opportunities for carrying out activities similar to a <u>civil servant</u>
	Е	н	within the Flemish Administrative Centre, as <u>project leader</u> of the
Α	R	I	Flemish Government Architect or as a mandate-holder within an
С	Ν	т	inter-communal initiative. In any case, the Limburg Government
С	Μ	Е	Architect arouses trust through enthusiasm, independence and
Е	Е	С	accessibility. The Government Architect must be accessible to all
S	Ν	т	cities and municipalities in Limburg.

The role of Government Architect is being created to optimise the Α Μ performance of building projects in the interests of Limburg. The Е Government Architect does not build, but provides support for ex-V D isting initiatives. Public and private clients are spurred on to assume Α 1 responsibility. Local authorities are stimulated to put their powers N Α into action. Regional government departments get a point of sup-Т Т port. The Limburg Limburg Government Architect becomes more S 0 successful the less he has to act. It is a position - not an office - that, H. R in the best case, makes itself superfluous.

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Not part of target audience, but the actual capital

Architects, town planners, spatial planners and (designer) researchers are not part of the target audience of the Limburg Government Architect. They are actually the capital needed for a Government Architect to function. They provide the design intelligence to integrate conflicting claims on space, convert spatial issues to stimulating challenges and get beyond seized rusty thought structures.



noA Architecten: city campus UHasselt



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NU Architectuuratelier: C-Mine Expedition, Genk (© Stijn Bollaert)

<u>colophon</u>

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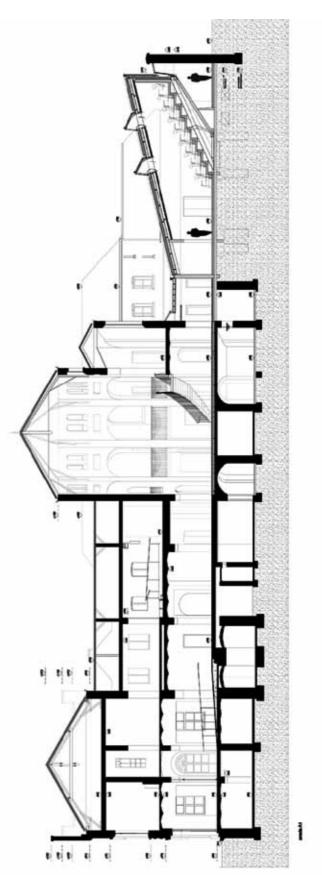
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